Adv Geo

10-8: Power-Chord Theorems

## **Objective**

After studying this section, you will be able to

Apply the power theorems

Theorem 95 If two chords of a circle intersect inside the circle, then the product of the measures of the segments of one chord is equal to the product of the measures of the segments of the other chord. (Chord-Chord Power Theorem)

VE . EN = LE . ES



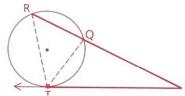
Given: Chords  $\overline{VN}$  and  $\overline{LS}$  intersect at point E inside circle O.

Prove:  $EV \cdot EN = EL \cdot SE$ 

If a tangent segment and a secant segment are Theorem 96 drawn from an external point to a circle, then the square of the measure of the tangent segment is equal to the product of the measures of the entire secant segment and its external part. (Tangent-Secant Power Theorem)

outside (whole) = outside (whole)

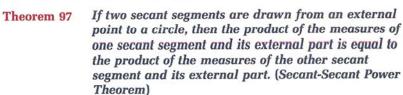
TP2 = PR . PQ



Given: PR is a secant segment.

PT is a tangent segment.

Prove:  $(TP)^2 = (PR)(PO)$ 



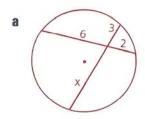
Given: Secant segments PB and PD

Prove:  $PB \cdot PA = PD \cdot PC$ 

outside (whole) = outside (whole)

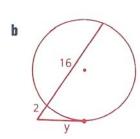
## Part Two: Sample Problems

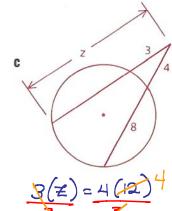
## Problem 1 Find x, y, and z.



$$\frac{3\times = 6\cdot 2}{3}$$

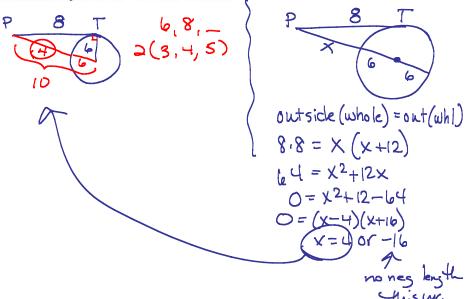
$$\times = 4$$



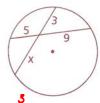


## Tangent segment PT measures 8 cm. The radius of the circle is 6 cm. Problem 2 Find the distance from P to the circle.

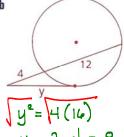
n

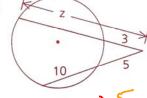


1 Solve for x, y, and z.



b

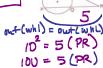


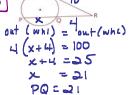


- 2 T is the midpoint of  $\overline{QS}$ , PT = 8, and QS = 40.
  - a Find TR.
  - b Find the diameter of ⊙O.



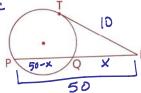
- 3 a If TR = 10 and QR = 5, find PR.
  - **b** If TR = 10 and QR = 4, find PQ.
  - c If TR = 10 and PR = 50, find PO.





- 20 = (PR) **4 a** If AE = 6.4, AB = 8.9, and CE = 1.6,
  - find ED. **b** If AE = 8, AB = 14, and ED = 16, find DC.
  - c If CE = 2, ED = 18, and  $\overline{AE} \cong \overline{EB}$ , find AB.

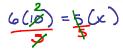


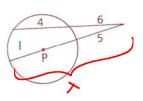


- 50-x = PQ = 48



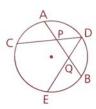
5 Find the radius of ⊙P.





6 Given: 
$$AP = 3$$
,  $PQ = 5$ ,  $QB = 7$ ,  $CP = 2$ ,  $QD = 14$ 

Find: PD and EQ



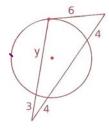
Given: 
$$TZ = 6$$
,  $YZ = 4$ ,  $SX = 3$ ,  $WX = 1$   
Find: XT (Hint: Find SZ.)

Find SY: 6.6=4.8Z

$$\frac{36}{4} = SY = 9 : SY = 9 - 4 = 5$$

Find XT : 
$$SX(XY) = WX(XT)$$
  
 $3 \cdot 2 = 1(xT)$   
 $G = I(xT)$ 

b Is the triangle acute, right, or obtuse?



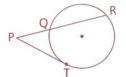
**9** Given: AB = 7, CD = 5, ED = 2

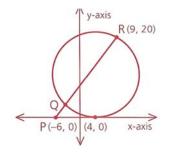
Find: AE



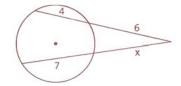
10 Given: PT = 3, QR = 8

Find: PQ

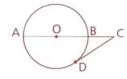




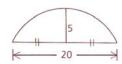
11 Solve for x.



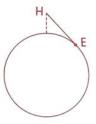
13 AB is a diameter of OO.
 CD is tangent at D, CD = 6, and BC = 4.
 Find the radius of the circle.



14 An arch supports a pipeline across a river 20 m wide. Midway, the suspending cable is 5 m long. Find the radius of the arch.



15 The diameter of the earth is approximately 8000 mi. Heavenly Helen, in a spaceship 100 mi above the earth, sights Earthy Ernest coming over the horizon. Approximately how far apart are Helen and Ernest?



16 Solve for x.

