

Name

Ms. Kresovic

Adv Geo -

T 16 Apr 13

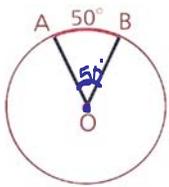
10-5: Angles Relates to a Circle

Objectives

After studying this section, you will be able to

- Determine the measures of central angles
- Determine the measures of inscribed and tangent-chord angles
- Determine the measures of chord-chord angles
- Determine the measures of secant-secant, secant-tangent, and tangent-tangent angles

When the vertex of the angle is the **CENTER** of the circle

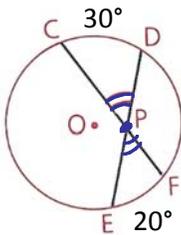


point of 2 rays, such as O

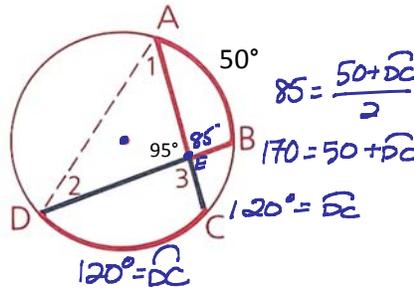
$m \text{ central } \angle = m \text{ arc}$

When the vertex of the angle is **IN** the circle (but not the center)

$m \angle AEB = 180 - 95$



$\angle = \frac{n+n}{2}$
 $m \angle CPD = \frac{30+20}{2} = \frac{50}{2} = 25^\circ$



$85 = \frac{50 + DC}{2}$

$170 = 50 + DC$

$120 = DC$

chord-chord or
sec - sec angles

Notes: Vertical angles are congruent. The angle measure is the AVERAGE of the arcs.

If a trend is IN, then it's perceived as a positive. (Add the angles.)

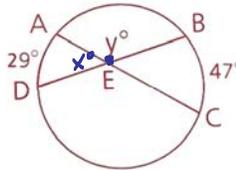
Problem 2

Find y.

x & y are supp

$x = \frac{29+47}{2} = \frac{76}{2} = 38^\circ$

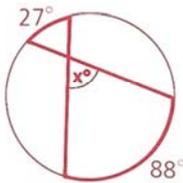
then $y = 180 - 38 = 142^\circ$



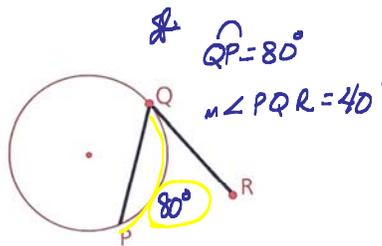
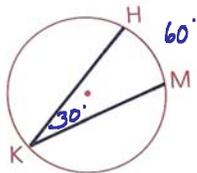
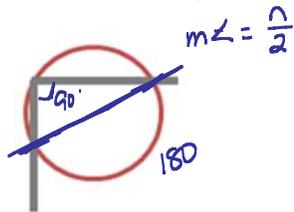
Problem 3

a Find x.

$x = \frac{27+88}{2} = \frac{115}{2} = 57.5^\circ$



When the vertex of the angle is ON the circle



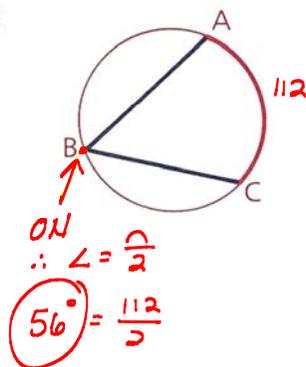
sec-sec:

Example 1

Given: $m\widehat{AC} = 112$

Find: $m\angle B$

$$m\angle B = \frac{1}{2}(m\widehat{AC})$$



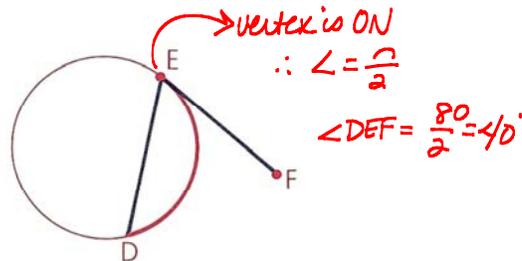
tan-chord:

Example 2

Given: \overline{FE} is tangent at E.

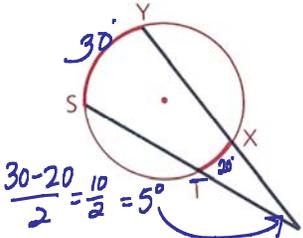
$m\widehat{DE} = 80$

Find: $m\angle DEF$

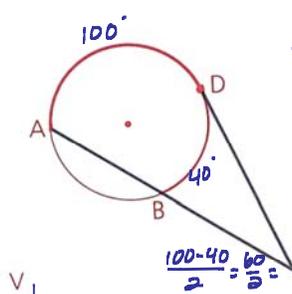


When the vertex of the angle is OUT of the circle

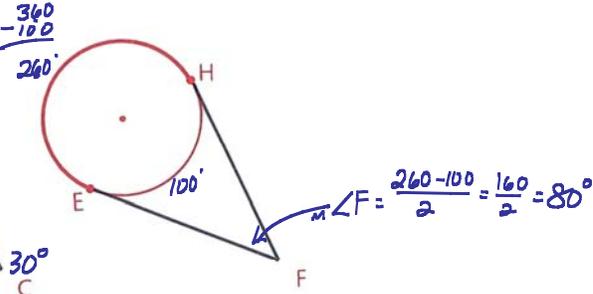
$$\angle = \frac{\text{arc} - \text{arc}}{2}$$



$\angle V$ is a secant-secant angle.



$\angle C$ is a secant-tangent angle.



$\angle F$ is a tangent-tangent angle.

Note: If a trend is OUT, then it's perceived as a negative. (Subtract the angles.)

Example 1

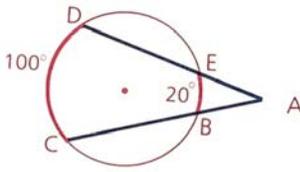
Find $m\angle A$.

$$m\angle A = \frac{1}{2}(m\widehat{CD} - m\widehat{BE})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(100 - 20)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(80)$$

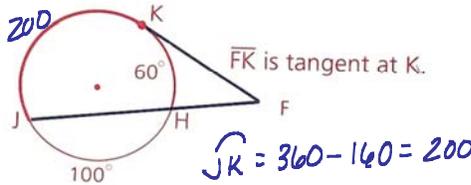
$$= 40$$



Example 2

Find $m\angle F$.

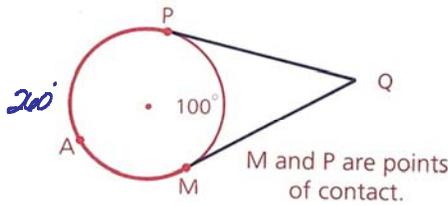
$$\angle F = \frac{200 - 60}{2} = \frac{140}{2} = 70$$



Example 3

Find $m\angle Q$.

$$\frac{260 - 100}{2} = \frac{160}{2} = 80$$

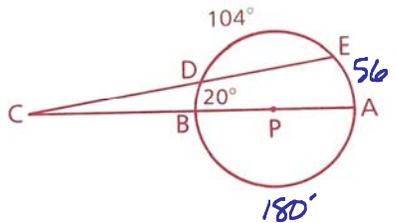


Problem 1

Given: \overline{AB} is a diameter of $\odot P$.
 $\widehat{BD} = 20^\circ$, $\widehat{DE} = 104^\circ$

Find: $m\angle C$

$$m\angle C = \frac{56 - 20}{2} = \frac{36}{2} = 18$$



$$\widehat{BD} + \widehat{DE} + \widehat{EA} = \text{semicircle}$$

$$20 + 104 + \widehat{EA} = 180$$

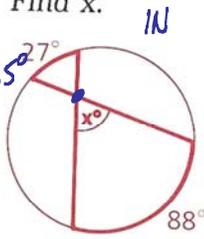
$$\widehat{EA} = 56$$

Mixed Practice

Problem 3

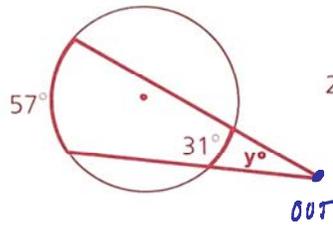
a Find x.

$$\frac{27+88}{2} = \frac{115}{2} = 57.5$$



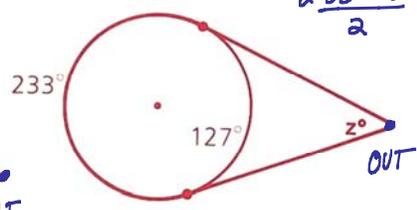
b Find y.

$$\frac{57+31}{2} = \frac{26}{2} = 13$$



c Find z.

$$\frac{233-127}{2} = \frac{106}{2} = 53$$

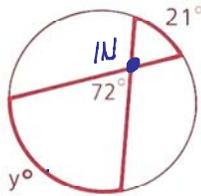


Problem 4

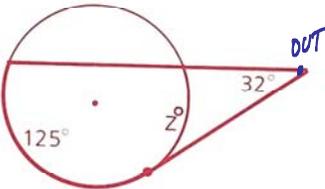
a Find y.

$$2 \cdot \frac{21+y}{2} = 72 \cdot 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 21+y = 144 \\ -21 \quad -21 \\ \hline y = 123 \end{array}$$



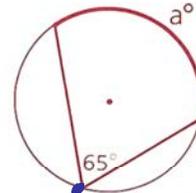
b Find z.



$$2 \cdot \frac{125-z}{2} = 32 \cdot 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 125-z = 64 \\ -64 + z \quad -64 + z \\ \hline 61 = z \end{array}$$

c Find a.



$$ON \angle = \frac{1}{2} C$$

$$65 = \frac{1}{2} a$$

$$130 = a$$

Problem 5

Find $m\widehat{AB}$ and $m\widehat{CD}$.

$$m\widehat{AB} : \frac{x-y}{2} = 24$$

$$m\widehat{CD} : \frac{x+y}{2} = 65$$

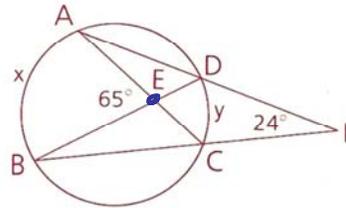
$$x-y=48$$

$$x+y=130$$

Linear system

$$\begin{cases} x-y=48 \\ x+y=130 \\ \hline 2x = 178 \\ x = 89 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{If } x=89 \text{ then } 89+y=130 \\ y=41 \end{array}$$



Summary

If the vertex of the angle is ____ the circle	Then use this formula to find the angle's measure:
IN	$\angle = \frac{\text{arc} + \text{arc}}{2}$
ON	$\angle = \frac{\text{arc}}{2}$
OUT	$\angle = \frac{\text{arc} - \text{arc}}{2}$

Name

Ms. Kresovic

Adv Geo -

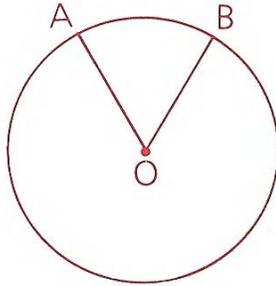
T 16 Apr 13

10-5: Angles Relates to a Circle

1 Vertex at center:

Given: $\widehat{AB} = 62^\circ$

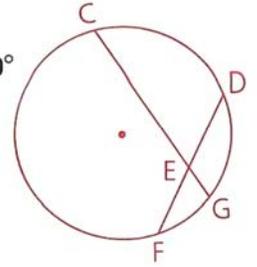
Find: $m\angle O$



2 Vertex inside:

Given: $\widehat{CD} = 100^\circ$, $\widehat{FG} = 30^\circ$

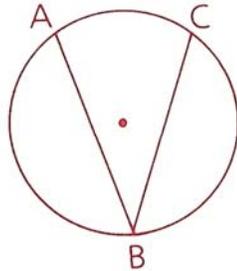
Find: $m\angle CED$



3 Vertex on:

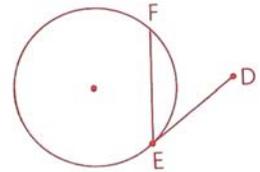
a Given: $\widehat{AC} = 70^\circ$

Find: $m\angle B$

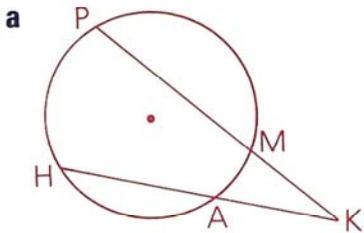


b Given: \overline{DE} is tangent at E.
 $\widehat{EF} = 150^\circ$

Find: $m\angle DEF$

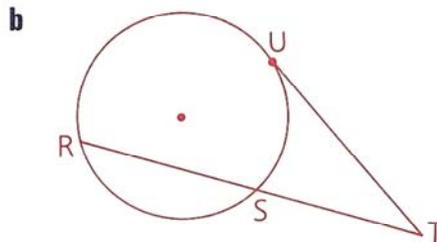


4 Vertex outside:



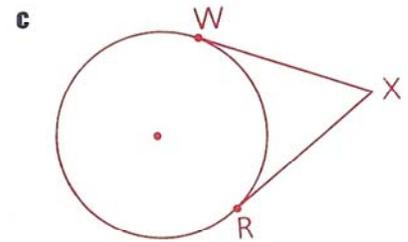
Given: $\widehat{HP} = 120^\circ$,
 $\widehat{AM} = 36^\circ$

Find: $m\angle K$



Given: \overline{TU} is tangent at U.
 $\widehat{RU} = 160^\circ$,
 $\widehat{SU} = 60^\circ$

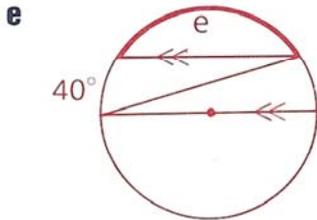
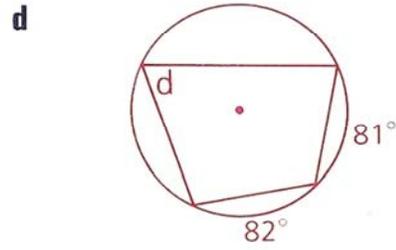
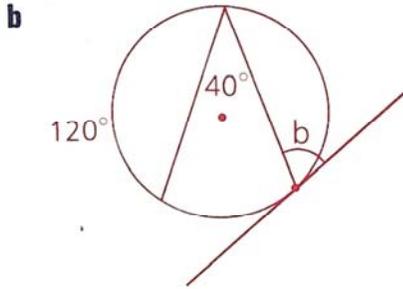
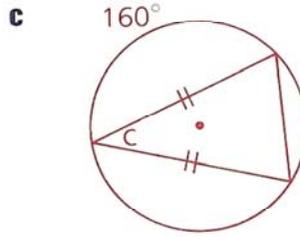
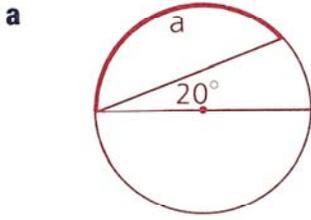
Find: $m\angle T$



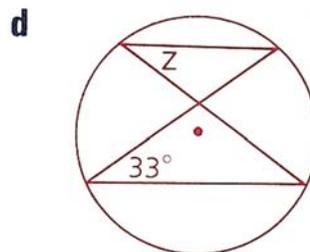
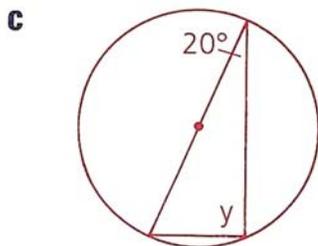
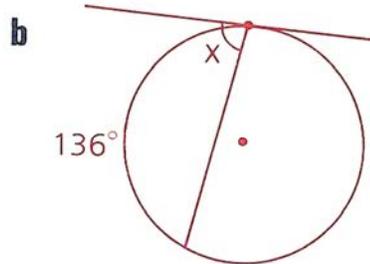
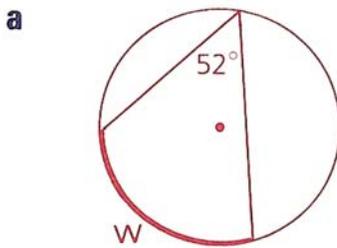
Given: W and R are points of contact.
 $\widehat{WR} = 140^\circ$

Find: $m\angle X$

5 Find the measure of each angle or arc that is labeled with a letter.

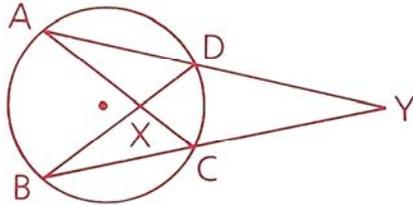


6 Find the measure of each angle or arc that is labeled with a letter.



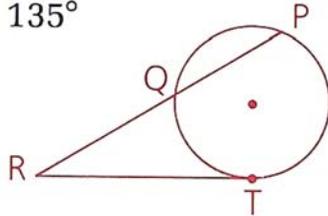
7 Given: $\widehat{AB} = 108^\circ$, $\widehat{CD} = 62^\circ$

Find: $\angle AXB$ and $\angle Y$



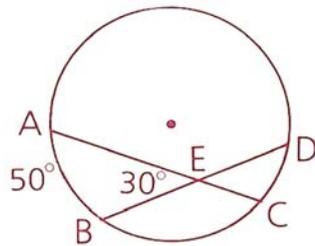
8 Given: $\widehat{TP} = 170^\circ$, $\widehat{PQ} = 135^\circ$

Find: $\angle R$



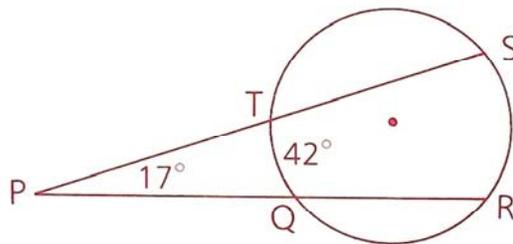
9 Given: $\angle AEB = 30^\circ$,
 $\widehat{AB} = 50^\circ$

Find: \widehat{CD}

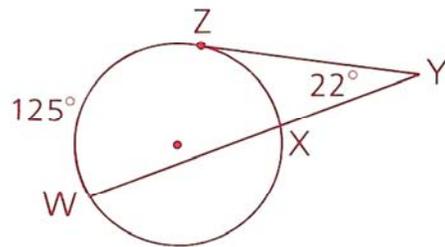


10 Given: $\angle P = 17^\circ$,
 $\widehat{TQ} = 42^\circ$

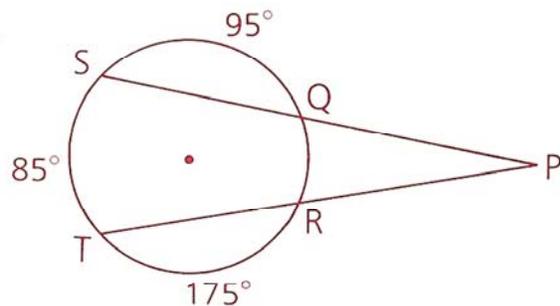
Find: \widehat{SR}



11 If $\angle Y = 22^\circ$, $\widehat{WZ} = 125^\circ$, and \overleftrightarrow{YZ} is tangent at Z, find \widehat{XZ} .

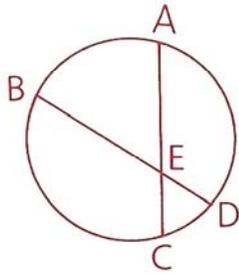


12 If $\widehat{ST} = 85^\circ$, $\widehat{SQ} = 95^\circ$, and $\widehat{TR} = 175^\circ$, find $\angle P$.



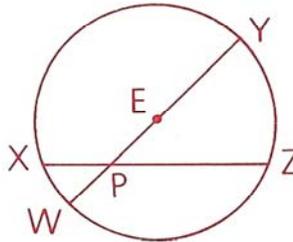
- 13 Given: $\widehat{AB} = 85^\circ$,
 $\widehat{CD} = 25^\circ$

Find: $\angle AED$



- 14 Given: \overline{WY} is a diameter of $\odot E$.
 $\widehat{WX} = 50^\circ$, $\angle XPY = 120^\circ$

Find: \widehat{WZ}



- 15 A circle is divided into three arcs in the ratio of 3:4:5. A tangent-chord angle intercepts the largest of the three arcs. Find the measure of the tangent-chord angle.

- 16 An inscribed angle intercepts an arc that is $\frac{1}{9}$ of the circle. Find the measure of the inscribed angle.

- 17 If a point is chosen at random on $\odot M$, what is the probability that it lies on

a \widehat{IAN} b \widehat{AN} c \widehat{ID} d \widehat{IE}

