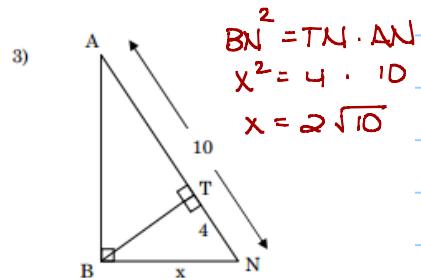
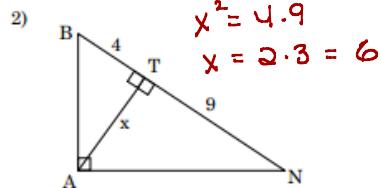
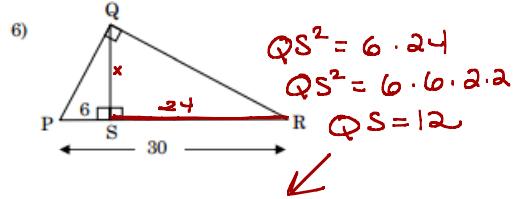
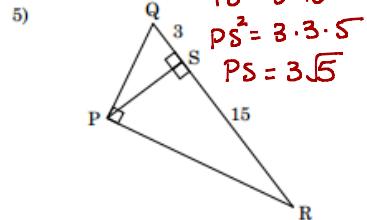
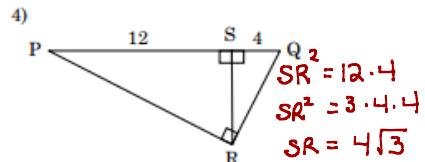


Find the missing value "x" below:



For 4-6 find the length of the altitude of right triangle PQR.



$$\text{alt}^2 = (\text{part})(\text{part})$$

$$QS^2 = 6 \cdot 24$$

$$QS = \sqrt{6 \cdot 6 \cdot 4}$$

$$QS = \sqrt{36} \cdot \sqrt{4}$$

$$QS = 6 \cdot 2$$

$$= 12$$

$$\frac{\text{ext}}{\text{mean}} = \frac{\text{mean}}{\text{ext}}$$

Find the geometric mean of the following numbers.

7) 5 and 8

$$\frac{5}{x} = \frac{x}{8}$$

$$x^2 = 40$$

$$x = 2\sqrt{10}$$

10) 2 and 25

$$\frac{2}{x} = \frac{x}{25}$$

$$x^2 = 50$$

$$x = \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{25}$$

8) 7 and 11

$$\frac{7}{x} = \frac{x}{11}$$

$$x^2 = 77$$

$$x = \sqrt{77}$$

11) 6 and 8

$$x^2 = 48$$

$$x^2 = 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 3$$

$$x = 4\sqrt{3}$$

9) 4 and 9

$$\frac{4}{x} = \frac{x}{9}$$

$$x^2 = 36$$

$$x = 6$$

12) 8 and 32

$$\frac{8}{x} = \frac{x}{32}$$

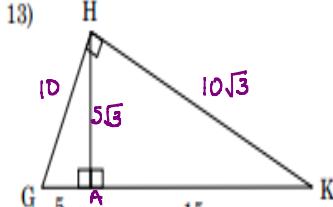
$$x^2 = 256$$

$$x = 16$$

For 7-9 find the length of each leg of right triangle GHK. (find GH and HK)

Hint: find altitude first, then you can do similar triangles or Pythagorean Theorem.

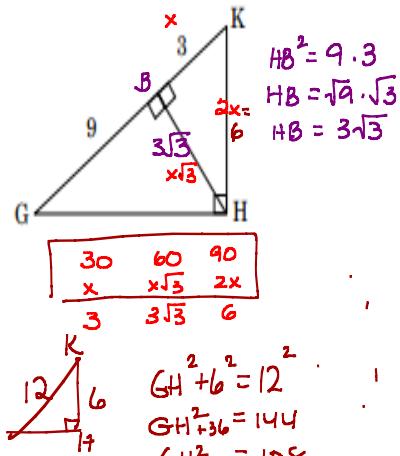
13)



$$\begin{aligned} HA^2 &= 5 \cdot 15 \\ HA^2 &= 75 \\ HA &= 5\sqrt{3} \\ HG^2 &= 5^2 + (5\sqrt{3})^2 \\ HG^2 &= 25 + 75 \\ HG^2 &= 100 \\ HG &= 10 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} HK^2 + HG^2 &= GK^2 \\ HK^2 + 10^2 &= 20^2 \\ 10(HK^2 + 1^2) &= 2^2 \\ 10(HK^2 + 1) &= 3 \\ HK &= 10\sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

14)

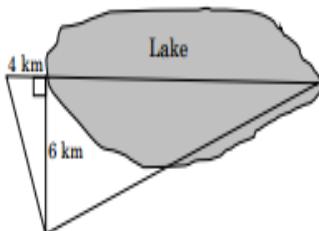


$$\begin{aligned} HB^2 &= 9 \cdot 3 \\ HB &= \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{3} \\ HB &= 3\sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} 30 & 60 & 90 \\ x & x\sqrt{3} & 2x \\ 3\sqrt{3} & 6 & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} GH^2 + 6^2 &= 12^2 \\ GH^2 + 36 &= 144 \\ GH^2 &= 108 \\ GH &= \sqrt{108} \\ GH &= 6\sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

15) How far is it across the lake?



$$\text{alt}^2 = \text{part} \cdot \text{part}$$

$$6^2 = 4 \text{ (Lake)}$$

$$\frac{36}{4} = \text{Lake}$$

$$9 = \text{Lake}$$