

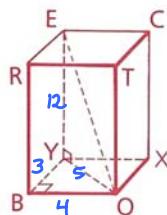
NAME
Ms. Kresovic
Adv Geo -
Mon 18 Mar 13

9.8: The Pythagorean Theorem and Space Figures

9.8: 413/1-6, 11-15

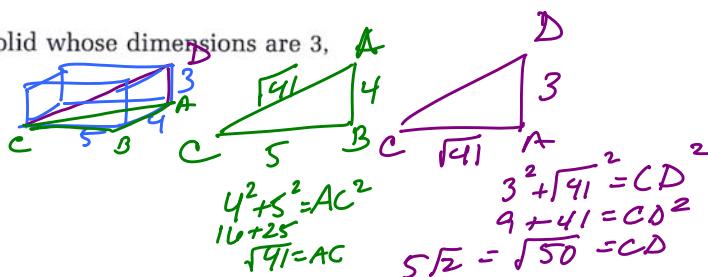
1 Given: The rectangular solid shown,
 $BY = 3$, $OB = 4$, $EY = 12$

Find: a YO, a diagonal of face BOXY **5**
b EO, a diagonal of the solid **13**



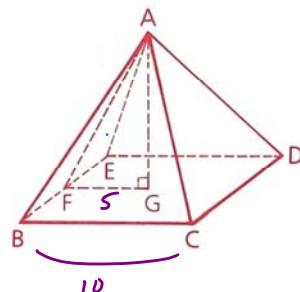
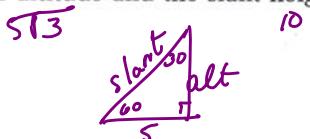
2 Find the diagonal of a rectangular solid whose dimensions are 3, 4, and 5.

5\sqrt{2}



3 Given: Regular square pyramid ABCDE, with slant height \overline{AF} , altitude \overline{AG} , and base BCDE; perimeter of BCDE = 40, **side = 10**
 $\angle AFG = 60^\circ$

Find: The altitude and the slant height



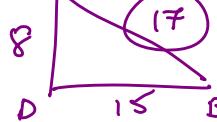
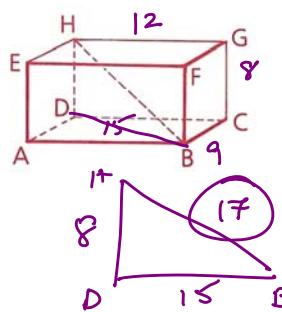
$$\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ \times \quad x\sqrt{3} \\ \hline 5 \quad 5\sqrt{3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 60 \\ \times \quad 2x \\ \hline 10 \end{array}$$

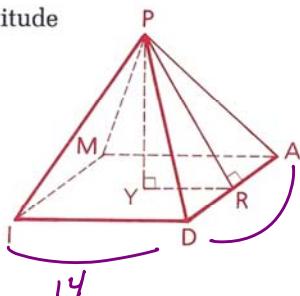
4 Given: The rectangular solid shown, $GC = 8$, $HG = 12$, $BC = 9$

Find: a HB, a diagonal of the solid **17**
b AG, another diagonal of the solid **17**

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \cdot 3 = 9 \quad 3 \cdot 5 = 15 \\ \hline A \quad 12 \quad B \\ 3 \cdot 4 = \end{array}$$



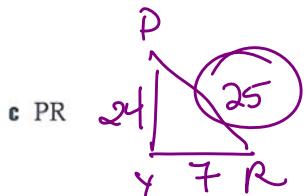
5 Given: The regular square pyramid shown, with altitude \overline{PY} and slant height \overline{PR} ,
 $ID = 14$, $PY = 24$



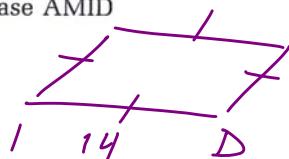
$$\text{Find: } a \text{ AD} = ID = 14$$

$$sg \rightarrow \approx sds$$

$$\text{b) } YR = \frac{1}{2} ID = 7$$

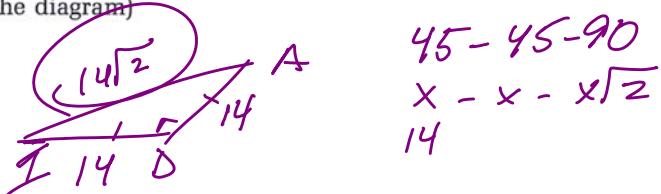


4 The perimeter of base $AMID$



$$P = 4(14) = 4(10+4) = \\ 40+16 = 56$$

- A diagonal of the base (not shown in the diagram)

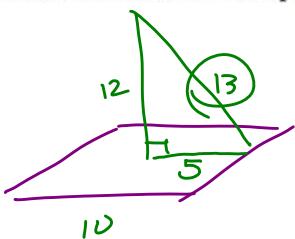


$$45 - 45 - 90$$

$$x - x - x\sqrt{2}$$

$$14$$

6 Find the slant height of a regular square pyramid if the altitude is 12 and one of the sides of the square base is 10.

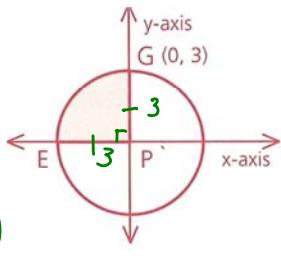


11 Given: $\odot P$ as shown

Find: a The coordinates of point E $(-3, 0)$

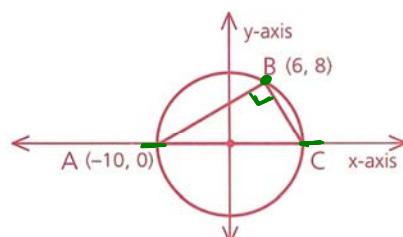
b The area of sector EPG to the nearest tenth $\frac{90}{360} A_0 = \frac{1}{4} \pi 3^2 = \frac{9}{4} \pi$

c The length of \overline{GE} to the nearest tenth $\frac{90}{360} P_0 = \frac{1}{4} d \pi = \frac{6}{4} \pi = \frac{3}{2} \pi$



12 Given: Diagram as marked

Find: AB (the length of \overline{AB})



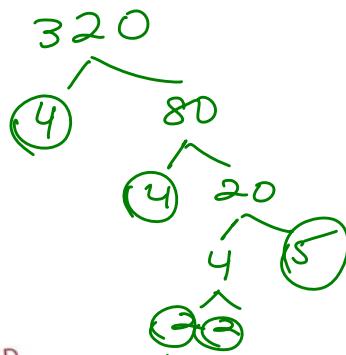
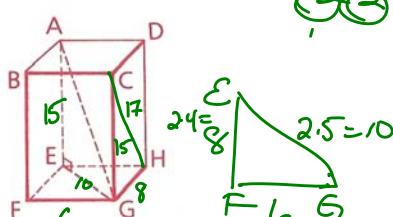
$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Dist} &= \sqrt{\Delta x^2 + \Delta y^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{(-10-6)^2 + (0-8)^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{(-16)^2 + (-8)^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{256 + 64} \\
 &= \sqrt{320} \\
 &= \sqrt{4 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5} = 8\sqrt{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

13 ABCDEFGH is a rectangular solid.

a If face diagonal \overline{CH} measures 17, edge \overline{GH} measures 8, and edge \overline{FG} measures 6, how long is diagonal \overline{AG} ? $5\sqrt{13}$

b If diagonal \overline{AG} measures 50, edge \overline{AE} measures 40, and edge \overline{EF} measures 3, how long is edge \overline{FG} ?

$$9\sqrt{11}$$

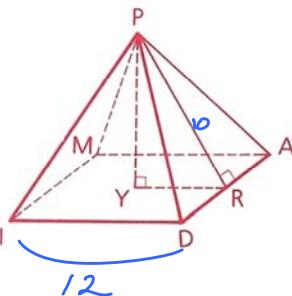
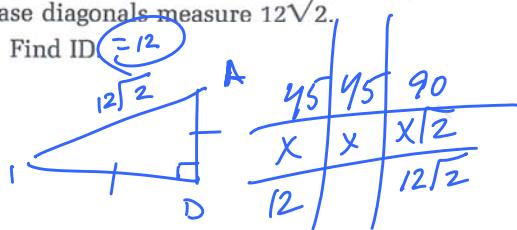


$$\begin{aligned}
 5 \cdot 3 &= 15 \\
 5 \cdot 2 &= 10 \\
 5 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 &= 30 \\
 24 &= 8 \\
 24 &= 6 \\
 24 &= 4 \\
 24 &= 2 \\
 24 &= 1
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 5(2, 3, \sqrt{13}) \\
 5(2^2 + 3^2 = 13)
 \end{aligned}$$

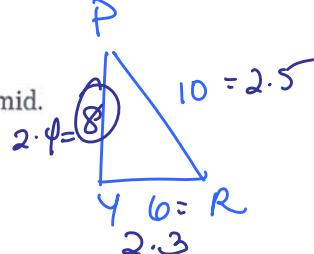
14 PADIM is a regular square pyramid. Slant height \overline{PR} measures 10, and the base diagonals measure $12\sqrt{2}$.

a Find $ID = 12$



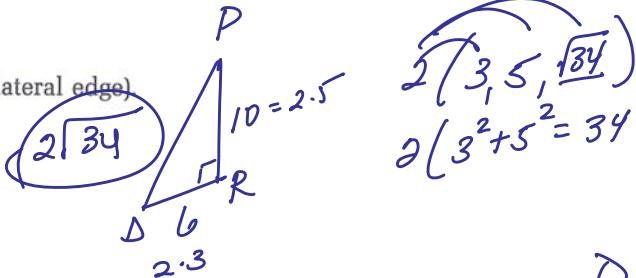
b Find the altitude of the pyramid.

$$YR = \frac{1}{2}12 = 6$$



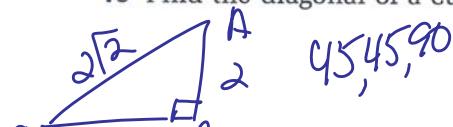
c Find $RD = 6$

d Find PD (length of a lateral edge).

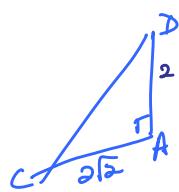


$$2\sqrt{3^2 + 5^2} = 2\sqrt{34}$$

15 Find the diagonal of a cube if each edge is 2.



$$45, 45, 90$$



$$2\sqrt{1^2 + \sqrt{2}^2} = 2\sqrt{3} = DC$$

